



GAUTENG DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION
GAUTENGSE DEPARTEMENT VAN ONDERWYS

PROVINCIAL EXAMINATION
PROVINSIALE EKSAMEN

NOVEMBER 2020

GRADE/GRAAD 10

MATHEMATICS (PAPER 2)
WISKUNDE (VRAESTEL 2)

MARKING GUIDELINES/NASIENRIGLYNE

MARKS/PUNTE: 50

7 pages/bladsye

NOTE:

- If a candidate answers a question TWICE, only mark the FIRST attempt.
- If a candidate has crossed out an attempt at a question and has not redone the question, mark the crossed out version.
- Consistent accuracy applies in ALL aspects of the marking memorandum. Stop marking at the second calculation error.
- Assuming answers/values in order to solve a problem is NOT acceptable.

OPMERKING:

- *As 'n kandidaat 'n vraag tweemaal beantwoord, merk slegs die EERSTE poging.*
- *As 'n kandidaat 'n poging tot 'n vraag deurkruis het, en het die vraag nie oorgedoen nie, merk die deurgehaalde weergawe.*
- *Konsekwente akkuraatheid is van toepassing op ALLE aspekte van die nasienmemorandum. Hou op nasien by die tweede berekeningsfout.*
- *Veronderstelling van antwoorde/waardes om 'n probleem op te los, is NIE aanvaarbaar NIE.*

QUESTION/VRAAG 1

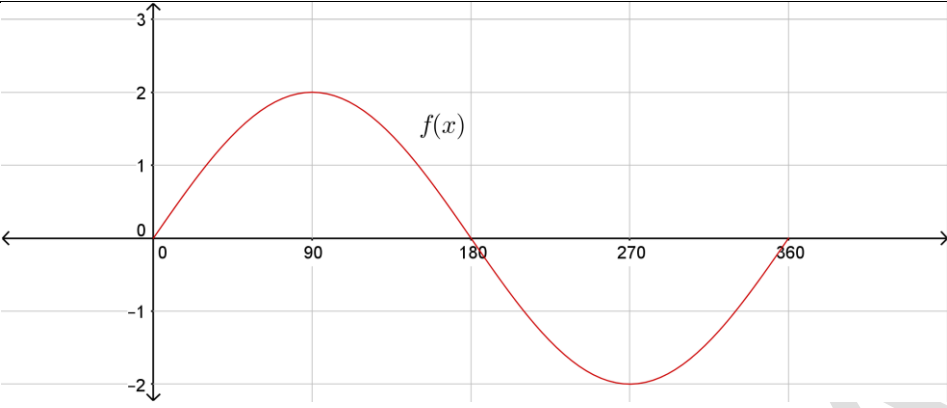
1.1	$R(x; 0), Q(x; 5)$ and/en $P(3; 5)$ $\sqrt{(x-3)^2 + (5-5)^2} = 5$ $x^2 - 6x + 9 = 25$ $x^2 - 6x - 16 = 0$ $(x-8)(x+2) = 0$ $x = 8$ or $x = -2$ $\therefore R(8; 0)$ OR/OF $\sqrt{(3-(-1))^2 + (5-(-4))^2} = \sqrt{(x-(-1))^2 + (0-8)^2}$ $16 - 81 = (x+1)^2 + 16$ $(x+1)^2 = 81$ $x+1 = \pm 9$ $x = 8$ or $x = -9$ $\therefore R(8; 0)$	✓ substitution into the correct formula/<i>vervanging in korrekte formule</i> ✓ standard form/<i>standaardvorm</i> ✓ factors/<i>faktore</i> ✓ correct x – value/<i>korrekte x-waarde</i> (4) OR/OF ✓ substitution into the correct formula/<i>vervanging in korrekte formule</i> ✓ simplification/<i>vereenvoudiging</i> ✓ $x+1 = \pm 9$ ✓ correct x-value/<i>korrekte x-waarde</i> (4)
1.2	$A\left(\frac{x_1+x_2}{2}; \frac{y_1+y_2}{2}\right)$ $R\left(\frac{3+8}{2}; \frac{5+0}{2}\right)$ $R(5,5; 2,5)$	✓ substitute correct values in correct formula/<i>vervang korrekte waardes in korrekte formule</i> ✓ $R(5,5; 2,5)$ (2)
1.3	$m_{SQ} = \frac{y_1 - y_2}{x_1 - x_2}$ $m_{SQ} = \frac{5 - (-4)}{8 - (-1)}$ $m_{SQ} = 1$	✓ gradient formula/<i>gradiëntformule</i> ✓ substitute correct values/<i>vervang korrekte waardes</i> ✓ answer/<i>antwoord</i> (3)

1.4	$PR = \sqrt{(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2}$ $PR = \sqrt{(8 - 3)^2 + (0 - 5)^2}$ $PR = \sqrt{50}$ $PR = 5\sqrt{2}$ units/eenhede	✓ substitute correct values in correct formula/ vervang korrekte waardes in korrekte formule ✓ answer/antwoord (2)
1.5	$PR = 5\sqrt{2}$ $SQ = \sqrt{(-1 - 8)^2 + (-4 - 5)^2}$ $SQ = 9\sqrt{2}$ Area of the kite/Oppervlak van vlieër PQRS = $\frac{1}{2} PR \cdot SQ$ Area of the kite/Oppervlak van vlieër PQRS = $\frac{1}{2} (5\sqrt{2})(9\sqrt{2})$ Area of the kite/Oppervlak van vlieër PQRS = 45 units ² /eenhede ²	✓ $SQ = 9\sqrt{2}$ ✓ substituting into the correct formula/vervanging in korrekte formule ✓ answer/antwoord (3)
1.6	$m_{SQ} = 1$ $m_{PR} = \frac{0 - 5}{8 - 3}$ $m_{PR} = -1$ $\therefore m_{SQ} \times m_{PR}$ $= 1 \times -1$ $= -1$ $\therefore PR \perp SQ$	✓ substitution/vervanging ✓ gradient of/gradiënt van PR ✓ $m_{SQ} \times m_{PR} = 1 \times -1$ (3)
1.7	$PS = \sqrt{(-1 - 3)^2 + (-4 - 5)^2}$ $PS = \sqrt{97}$ $SR = \sqrt{(-1 - 8)^2 + (-4 - 0)^2}$ $SR = \sqrt{97}$ $PR = 5\sqrt{2}$ $\therefore \Delta PSR$ is an isosceles since two sides are equal $\therefore \Delta PSR$ is gelykbenig want twee sye is gelyk	✓ PS ✓ SR ✓ PR ✓ conclusion/afleiding (4)
		[21]

QUESTION/VRAAG 2

2.1	$\frac{1}{\cos 75^\circ}$ $= 3,86$	$\checkmark \frac{1}{\cos 75^\circ}$ $\checkmark \text{ answer/antwoord}$ (2)
2.2	$\frac{\sin 90^\circ - \cos 60^\circ}{\tan 45^\circ}$ $= \frac{1 - \frac{1}{2}}{1}$ $= \frac{1}{2}$	$\checkmark \text{ all correct values/alle korrekte waardes}$ $\checkmark \text{ answer/antwoord}$ (2)
2.3.1	$5 \sin \theta + 3 = 0.$ $\sin \theta = -\frac{3}{5}$ $y = -3$ $r = 5$ $x^2 = 5^2 - (-3)^2$ $x = \sqrt{25 - 9}$ $x = \pm 4$ $\therefore x = -4$ $\frac{30 \tan \theta}{= 30 \cdot \frac{(-3)}{(-4)}}$ $= \frac{45}{2}$	$\checkmark \text{ correct form/korrekte vorm}$ $\checkmark \text{ y value and r value/ y waarde en r waarde}$ $\checkmark \text{ correct subst. into Pythagoras/ korrekte vervanging in Pythagoras}$ $\checkmark x = -4$ $\checkmark \text{ replace } \tan \theta / \text{ vervang } \tan \theta$ $\checkmark \text{ answer/antwoord}$ (6)
2.3.2	$= 180^\circ + \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{3}{4} \right)$ $= 216,87^\circ$	$\checkmark 216,87^\circ$ (1)
		[11]

QUESTION/VRAAG 3

3.1.1		✓ shape/vorm ✓ x-and y- intercepts/ x- en y-afsnitte (2)
3.1.2	(i) 360°	✓ answer/antwoord (1)
	(ii) $h(x) = -2 \sin x$	✓ answer/antwoord (1)
3.2.1	$4 \tan x + 1 = 3$ $\tan x = \frac{2}{4}$ $x = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$ $x = 26,6$	✓ simplification/ vereenvoudiging ✓ answer/antwoord ✓ correct rounding/ korrekte afronding (3)
3.2.2	$\frac{\operatorname{cosec} x}{3} = 2$ $\operatorname{cosec} x = 6$ $\sin x = \frac{1}{6}$ $x = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{6}\right)$ $x = 9,6$	✓ simplification/ vereenvoudiging ✓ $\sin x = \frac{1}{6}$ ✓ answer/antwoord (3)

3.3.1	$\tan 30^\circ = \frac{DE}{10}$ $DE = 10 \tan 30^\circ$ $DE = \frac{10\sqrt{3}}{3}m$	✓ correct ratio/korrekte verhouding ✓ answer in surd form/antwoord in wortelvorm (2)
3.3.2	$\cos \theta = \frac{5}{7}$ $\theta = \cos^{-1} \frac{5}{7}$ $\theta = 44,42^\circ$	✓ correct ratio/korrekte verhouding ✓ answer/antwoord ✓ correct rounding/korrekte afronding (3)
3.3.3	$AC^2 = AB^2 - BC^2$ $AC = \sqrt{7^2 - 5^2}$ $AC = 2\sqrt{6}m$ or/of 4,90 m	✓ Pythagoras theorem/Pythagoras stelling ✓ substitution/vervanging ✓ answer/antwoord (3)
		[18]
		TOTAL/TOTAAL: 50