

TEST MEMO
TERM 1
Gr 9

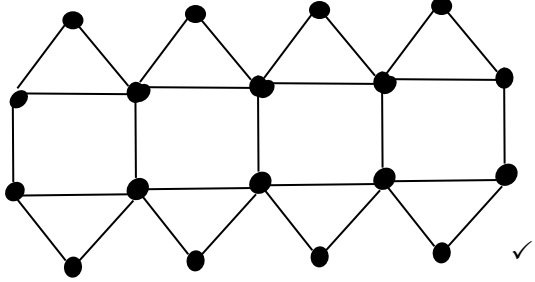
M	Method
CA	Constant accuracy
A	Answer

QUESTION 1

1.1	$18 - 10 + 4 - 6$ $= 22 - 16$ $= 6 \checkmark \mathbf{A}$	answer: 1 mark	(1)
1.2	$-24 - (-18)$ $= -24 + 18 \checkmark \mathbf{M}$ $= -6 \checkmark \mathbf{CA}$	$-24 + 18 : 1 \text{ mark}$ answer: 1 mark	(2)
1.3	$8 \times (-3) \div (-6)$ $= \frac{-24}{-6} \checkmark \mathbf{M}$ $= 4 \checkmark \mathbf{CA}$	$\frac{-24}{-6} : 1 \text{ mark}$ answer: 1 mark	(2)
1.4	$-4^2 + (-4)^3$ $= -16 \checkmark -64 \checkmark \mathbf{M}$ $= -80 \checkmark \mathbf{CA}$	$-16: 1 \text{ mark}$ $-64: 1 \text{ mark}$ answer: 1 mark	(3)
1.5	$\sqrt{169} - \sqrt[3]{-0,064}$ $= 13 \checkmark - (-0,4) \checkmark \mathbf{M}$ $= 13 + 0,4$ $= 13,4 \checkmark \mathbf{CA}$	$13: 1 \text{ mark}$ $-0,4: 1 \text{ mark}$ answer: 1 mark	(3)
1.6	$\sqrt{1\frac{9}{16}} \times 1\frac{2}{3} \div 9\frac{1}{3} \checkmark \mathbf{M}$ $= \sqrt{\frac{25}{16}} \times \frac{5}{3} \div \frac{28}{3} \checkmark \mathbf{M}$ $= \frac{5}{4} \times \frac{5}{3} \times \frac{3}{28} \checkmark \mathbf{M}$ $= \frac{25}{112} \checkmark \mathbf{CA}$	$9\frac{1}{3} : 1 \text{ mark}$ $\sqrt{\frac{25}{16}} : 1 \text{ mark}$ Reciprocal: 1 mark answer: 1 mark	(4) [15]

QUESTION 2			
2.1		1: 1 mark	
2.1.1	$-4(x^3)^0$ $= -4(1) \checkmark \mathbf{M}$ $= -4 \checkmark \mathbf{A}$	answer: 1 mark	(2)
2.1.2	$(-4x^3)^0$ $= 1 \checkmark \mathbf{A}$	answer: 1 mark	(1)
2.1.3	$3^{-1} a^2 b^{-5}$ $= \frac{a^2}{3b^5} \checkmark \mathbf{A}$	answer: 1 mark	(1)
2.1.4	$(-2y^2)(-2y)^{-2}$ $= \frac{(-2y^2)}{(-2y)^2} \checkmark \mathbf{M}$ $= \frac{-2y^2}{4y^2} \checkmark \mathbf{M}$ $= -\frac{1}{2} \checkmark \mathbf{CA}$	Positive exponents: 1 mark Simplify: 1 mark answer: 1 mark	(3)
2.1.5	$\frac{x^4 y^3}{x^5 y^3}$ $= \frac{1}{x} \checkmark \checkmark \mathbf{A}$	1: 1 mark x: 1 mark	(2)
2.2	$4^{-2} \times 6^2 \times 3^{-2}$ $= (2^2)^{-2} \times (3 \times 2)^2 \times 3^{-2} \checkmark \mathbf{M}$ $= 2^{-4} \times 3^2 \times 2^2 \times 3^{-2}$ $= 2^{-4+2} \times 3^{2-2} \checkmark \mathbf{M}$ $= 2^{-2} \times 3^0$ $= \frac{1}{4} \checkmark \mathbf{CA}$	Prime factors: 1 mark Exponential law: 1 mark answer: 1 mark	(3)
2.3		3^4 : 1 mark	
2.3.1	$3^x = 81$ $3^x = 3^4 \checkmark \mathbf{M}$ $\therefore x = 4 \checkmark \mathbf{A}$	answer: 1 mark	(2)
2.3.2	$5^x = \frac{1}{25}$ $5^x = 5^{-2} \checkmark \mathbf{M}$ $\therefore x = -2 \checkmark \mathbf{A}$	5^{-2} : 1 mark answer: 1 mark	(2)

2.3.2	$2^{x+4} = 1$ $2^{x+4} = 2^0 \quad \checkmark \text{ M}$ $\therefore x + 4 = 0$ $\therefore x = -4 \quad \checkmark \text{ A}$	2^0 : 1 mark answer: 1 mark	(2)
2.4	$2,5 \times 10^{-6} \times 6 \times 10^{10} + 5,7 \times 10^8$ $= 15 \times 10^4 + 5,7 \times 10^8 \quad \checkmark \text{ M}$ $= 150\,000 + 570\,000\,000 \quad \checkmark \text{ M}$ $= 570\,150\,000$ $= 5,7015 \times 10^8 \quad \checkmark \text{ CA}$	answer only: $\frac{3}{3}$ if answer rounded off: $\frac{2}{3}$	(3) [21]
QUESTION 3			
3.1	Option A: $A = P(1 + i)^n \quad \checkmark \text{ M}$ $= 2\,500(1 + 0,08)^4 \quad \checkmark \text{ M}$ $= R3\,401,22 \quad \checkmark \text{ CA}$ Option B: $A = P(1 + in) \quad \checkmark \text{ M}$ $= 2\,500(1 + 0,075 \times 4) \quad \checkmark \text{ M}$ $= R3\,250 \quad \checkmark \text{ CA}$ $\therefore$ Option A is better $\checkmark \text{ CA}$	formula: 1 mark substitution: 1 mark answer: 1 mark formula: 1 mark substitution: 1 mark answer: 1 /mark Option A: 1 mark	(7)
3.2	$\% \text{ verhoging / increase} = \frac{NP - OP}{OP} \times 100$ $= \frac{12,30 - 11,21}{11,21} \times 100$ $= 9,72\%$	$12,30 - 11,21$: 1 mark Divide by 11,21: 1 mark X 100: 1 mark answer: 1 mark If answer not rounded off to 2 dec places: only 3/4	(4)
3.3	distance = speed x time $\checkmark \text{ M}$ $= 0,9 \times 10^3 \times 24 \quad \checkmark \text{ M}$ $= 21,6 \times 10^3$ $= 2,16 \times 10^4 \text{ km} \quad \checkmark \text{ CA}$	Formula: 1 mark $0,9 \times 10^3 \times 24$: 1 mark answer: 1 mark	(3) [14]

QUESTION 4			
4.1.1	$-5x^2 - x$ $\checkmark \quad \checkmark$	$-5x^2$ (1) $-x$ (1)	(2)
4.1.2	$-2(3x + y)(5x - 4y)$ $= (-6x - 2y) \checkmark (5x - 4y)$ $= -30x^2 + 24xy - 10xy + 8y^2 \checkmark$ $= -30x^2 + 14xy + 8y^2 \checkmark$	multiply by -2 (1) (CA) multiply brackets (1) (CA) answer (1)	(3)
4.1.3	$\frac{2x+1}{4} - \frac{x+2}{2} - \frac{1}{4}$ $= \frac{2x+1-2x-4-1}{4} \checkmark$ $= \frac{-4}{4} \checkmark$ $= -1 \checkmark$	denominator 4 (1) numerator correct (1) simplify numerator (1) (CA) answer (1)	(4)
4.2.1	$3x - 1 = 5$ $3x = 6 \checkmark$ $\therefore x = 2 \checkmark$	$3x = 6$ (1) (CA) answer (1)	(2)
4.2.2	$-6(x - 3) = 2(x + 7) - 5(x - 2)$ $-6x + 18 = 2x + 14 - 5x + 10$ $-6x - 2x + 5x = +24 - 18 \checkmark$ $\therefore -3x = 6 \checkmark$ $\therefore x = -2 \checkmark$	multiplication brackets (1) simplify (1) (CA) answer (1)	(3) [14]
QUESTION 5			
5.1		correct pattern (1)	(1)
5.2	$a = 29 \checkmark$ $b = 71 \checkmark$	value of a (1) value of b (1)	(2)

5.3	$T_n = 7n + 1$ ✓ ✓	7n (1) 1 (1)	(2)
5.4	$T_n = 7n + 1$ $50 = 7n + 1$ ✓ $n = 7$ ✓	substitution of 50 (1) (CA) answer (1)	(2)
5.5	$T_{25} = 7(25) + 1$ $= 176$ ✓	correct answer (1)	(1)
[8]			
QUESTION 6			
m = 0 ✓ n = 50 ✓ p = 2 ✓		correct answer (1) correct answer (1) correct answer (1)	(3)
[3]			
TOTAL: 75			